## Category A: Estimating Square Roots and Cube Roots

When estimating irrational numbers, the easiest way to compare values is by squaring (or cubing) the given values.

Ex: Between which two consecutive numbers would $\sqrt[3]{50}$ be located?
A. 1 and 2

$\sqrt[3]{1} \quad \sqrt[3]{8}$
B. 2 and 3

C. 3 and 4


Since it is the cube root of 50 , cube each number.
C would be the answer because 50 is between 27 and 64 .
Using the number line, which point is the best estimate of:


$$
\text { 1. }-\sqrt{20}
$$

4. $-\sqrt{3}$
5. $\sqrt{7}$
6. $\sqrt[3]{3}$
7. $\sqrt[3]{36}$
8. $\sqrt[3]{75}$

9. $\sqrt{130}$
10. $\sqrt[3]{40}$
11. $\sqrt{38}$
12. $\sqrt{48}$
13. $\sqrt[3]{100}$
14. $\sqrt{151}$

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Category A: Estimating Square Roots and Cube Roots
Between what two consecutive integers do the following real numbers lie between?

| $\sqrt{5}$ | $\sqrt{38}$ | $\sqrt{53}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\sqrt{99}$ | $\sqrt[3]{26}$ | $\sqrt[3]{214}$ |
| $\sqrt{227}$ | $\sqrt{77}$ | $\sqrt{171}$ |
| $\sqrt{194}$ | $\sqrt[3]{80}$ | $\sqrt{147}$ |
| $\sqrt[3]{999}$ |  |  |
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## Category B: Square Roots and Cube Roots

Square Roots!


Think! What number multiplied by itself equals 4?

$$
2 \times 2=4 \quad \text { so... } \sqrt{4}=2
$$

Cube Roots!


Think!
What number multiplied three times (I x w x h) equals 27?
$3 \times 3 \times 3=27$
so... $\sqrt[3]{27}=3$

| $\sqrt{16}$ | $-\sqrt{4}$ | $\sqrt[3]{64}$ | $\pm \sqrt{361}$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $\sqrt{36}$ | $-\sqrt{144}$ | $\sqrt{81}$ | $\sqrt{-289}$ |
| $h^{2}=121$ | $\sqrt{100}$ | $-\sqrt{400}$ | $s^{2}=81$ |
| $\sqrt{400}$ | $\frac{1}{100}=d^{2}$ | $-\sqrt{\frac{25}{441}}$ | $\sqrt[3]{-512}$ |
| $900=y^{2}$ | $\sqrt{\frac{-81}{100}}$ | $x^{2}=\frac{81}{169}$ | $256=z^{2}$ |
| $-\sqrt{9}$ | $x^{2}=49$ | $-\sqrt{36}$ | $\sqrt{169}$ |

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Category B: Square Roots and Cube Roots

| $\sqrt{\frac{16}{49}}$ | $324=a^{2}$ | $t^{2}=36$ | $\sqrt[3]{\frac{27}{64}}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $a^{2}=\frac{25}{121}$ | $\sqrt{\frac{49}{100}}$ | $\pm \sqrt{0.81}$ | If a square has an area of 256 in ${ }^{2}$, what is the side length? |
| If a square has an area of $81 \mathrm{in}^{2}$, what is the side length? | $\sqrt{289}$ | $\pm \sqrt{2.25}$ | $c^{2}=\frac{49}{64}$ |
| $\sqrt{y}=6$ | $-\sqrt{0.49}$ | If a cube has a volume of $64 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$, what is the side length? | $\pm \sqrt{0.01}$ |
| $-\sqrt{3.24}$ | $\frac{144}{169}=r^{2}$ | $\sqrt{2.25}$ | $\pm \sqrt{\frac{121}{289}}$ |
| $-\sqrt{0.49}$ | If a cube has a volume of $125 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$, what is the side length? | $\sqrt{\frac{81}{25}}$ | $\sqrt[3]{1}$ |
| $-\sqrt{0.09}$ | $\sqrt[3]{1000}$ | $\sqrt{Z}=8.4$ | If a square has an area of 196 in², what is the side length? |
| If a cube has a volume of $216 \mathrm{~cm}^{3}$, what is the side length? | $0.0196=m^{2}$ | $\sqrt{\frac{361}{400}}$ | $\sqrt{0.04}$ |

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Category C: Classifying Real Numbers


Name all sets of numbers to which each number belongs.

| 12 | -15 | 3.18 | $-\sqrt{12}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\pi$ | $\sqrt{25}$ | $-2 \frac{7}{9}$ | $\sqrt{13}$ |
| $\sqrt[3]{30}$ | $9 . \overline{3}$ | $1 \frac{1}{2}$ | $\frac{8}{4}$ |
|  |  |  |  |

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# Category C: Classifying Real Numbers 

## Why is each classification below WRONG?

$6.5 \begin{aligned} & \text { Real, rational, } \\ & \text { terminating, integer }\end{aligned}$

What's wrong:
16 Real, rational,
$\overline{4}$ terminating, integer,
4 whole

What's wrong:

1 Real, irrational
$\overline{5}$

What's wrong:
What's wrong:

## Provide an example of each classification.

Integer:

Natural Number:

Rational Number:

Irrational Number:

Whole Number:
NOT Rational Number:

NOT Whole Number:

NOT Terminating Number:

NOT Integer:

NOT Irrational:

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## Category D: Ordering Real Numbers

When ordering and comparing real numbers, write each number in decimal notation OR write both numbers with radicals.

Ex: Fill in the $\bigcirc$ with $<,>$, or $=$ to make a true statement.
$\sqrt{15}$ © $3 \frac{9}{10}$
3.9
$\times 3.9$
$\sqrt{15.21}$
15.21

Fill in each $O$ with $<,>$, or $=$ to make a true statement.

| $\sqrt{7} \bigcirc 2.8$ | $2 \frac{1}{3} \bigcirc 2 . \overline{3}$ | $\sqrt{121} \bigcirc 11$ | $\sqrt{30} \bigcirc 5.6$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $2.45 \bigcirc 2 . \overline{4}$ | $\sqrt{5} \bigcirc 2.23$ | $\sqrt{6.25} \bigcirc 2 \frac{1}{2}$ | $5 \frac{1}{3} \bigcirc \sqrt{30}$ |
| $2.9 \bigcirc \sqrt{8}$ | $6 \frac{1}{6} \bigcirc \sqrt{38}$ | $2.1 \bigcirc \sqrt{4.41}$ | $2 . \overline{8} \bigcirc \sqrt{24}$ |
|  |  |  |  |

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|  |  |  |  |

Category D: Ordering Real Numbers
Order each set of numbers from least to greatest. Verify your answers.

$$
-\frac{9}{10}, \sqrt{1},-2.1, \sqrt{9},-1.5
$$

$$
3.1,-\frac{2}{5}, \sqrt{15}, \sqrt{4},-1.3
$$

$$
-\frac{7}{10}, \sqrt{3}, 0.5, \frac{1}{3}, 2.6
$$

$$
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$$

$$
4 \frac{1}{2}, \sqrt{15}, 3,4 . \overline{21}
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5 \frac{4}{5}, \sqrt{30}, 6,5 . \overline{3}
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$$

$$
5 \frac{4}{5}, \sqrt{30}, 6,5 . \overline{3}
$$

## Category E

## Real Numbers Challenge!

Choose one of the following options below!

| Create 5 Instagram photos that are comparing real numbers (<. >, and $=$ ). | Develop a facebook page for a real number. Use the "friends" and "minifeed" to highlight different classifications. | Get creative! Make up a song about the first 20 perfect squares. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Design an informational brochure about the classifications of real numbers. | Get writing! Create a news article related to estimating square roots. | Pick four different types of real numbers. Write a "story" where the numbers decide how to order themselves from least to greatest. |
| Make a poster comparing square roots and perfect squares. Include a world problem for each example. | You are a country music artist! Create a song singing "the blues" about being an irrational number. | Get creative! <br> Develop a poem that explains the classifications of the real numbers. |

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